Beyond the BAS

A team approach to managing humidity in critical areas of a hospital May 2, 2019 At the end of the presentation, attendees will be able to

- Identify critical failures in humidity management and its impact on the clinical environment
- Create a multi-disciplinary approach to ensuring patient safety priorities through plan creation, including standard clinical and facilities response actions when out of range conditions exist.
- Identify key recovery response actions necessary when critical failure occurs
- Describe ways for using technology to assist in this process in both large and small settings

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THE PERFECT STORM

- 2 separate facilities with similar conditions
- Stormy rainy conditions
- Late Night no engineer on duty
- Loss of Normal Power
- Chiller not on emergency power
- Air Handler supplying Sterile storage and Perioperative areas Is on emergency power.
- Environmental humidity max
- Water dripping from ceilings and walls





THE PERFECT STORM

INTEGRIS

• Sorting Grounds – all supplies discarded.



- Cost for these 2 events.....\$1,246,900
 - •Loss of supplies
 - •Upgrade to building automation system and notification

Guideline Review





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Humidity Management and How Failures Impact Clinical Environments

- Microbial growth*
- Compromise in sterility
 - Wet packs
 - Sterile supplies
- Risk of infection
- Comfort



- Equipment malfunction, calibration issues
- Fire/Spark risk
 - Managing alcohol based prep and dry time
 - Above xyphoid process, time out to evaluate O₂ concentration
 - Combine with medical air to reduce combustibility
 - Cautery precautions
- Shelf life/product integrity
 - Unknown timeframe before products are affected
 - EKG electrodes and foil packaging



- Biological and chemical indicators used for sterilization monitoring used for patient monitoring, are very sensitive to humidity
- Reprocessing of wrapped sterile equipment

Team approach to managing humidity critical events

Mitigation

Recovery

Preparation

Response

- Own your part
 - How many events have you had?
 - Do you have a documented financial and operational impact of events?
 - What other strategies have you tried?
 - What other support do you need?

- Joint meeting of infection prevention, facilities, engineering (Fall 2018)
 - Global need to identify high humidity (environment and supplies issues) and low humidity (fire safety)
- Reviewed guidelines and evidence based literature**
- Reviewed other organization's guidelines
- Presented draft organizational guidelines to EOC, Infection Prevention, Surgery, and CNO consortiums for approval

Part I

• General standard of environmental monitoring, initial steps when out of range is identified

Part II

• Steps for low humidity

Part III

• Steps for high humidity

Temperature/Humidity Action Log – OR/Procedure Room

| Date | Time | Room | Temp | Humidity | Act | tion Taken | |
|------|------|------|------|----------|-------------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| | | | | | Physician Notified, OK to Proceed | No Action Required | d, Room Empty |
| | | | | | Physician Notified, Procedure Moved | 🗆 Wet Pack Check | Fire Precautions |
| | | | | | 🗆 Other: | | |

Temperature/Humidity Action Log – Sterile Storage

| Date | Time | Room | Temp | Humidity | Action Taken |
|------|------|------|------|----------|---|
| | | | | | Department Leader Notified, OK to Proceed |
| | | | | | Department Leader Notified, Reassess temp/humidity/supply integrity in one hour |
| | | | | | Department Leader Notified, Move supplies to different location |
| | | | | | Department Leader Notified, reprocess some/all due to impact on environment |
| | | | | | Other: |

Temperature/Humidity Action Log – Sterile Processing

| Date | Time | Room | Temp | Humidity | Action Taken |
|------|------|------|------|----------|---|
| | | | | | Department Leader Notified, OK to Proceed |
| | | | | | Department Leader Notified, Reassess temp/humidity/supply integrity in one hour |
| | | | | | Department Leader Notified, reprocess some/all due to impact on environment |
| | | | | | 🗆 Other: |

Recovery Responses for Critical Humidity Events

- Fix humidity concerns which may include just shutting down AHU and postponing cases or relocating sterile supplies.
- Need back up plan for these scenarios.
- Opening up packages (sterile wrap and sterile supply to look for sign of water intrusion)
- Disposal of medications, sharps
- Decision tree of when to destroy medications
- Terminal clean all locations
- Conduct Root Cause Analysis

EVENT REPORT

| Date of Event: | | | Time of Event: | | | | | | |
|----------------------|---|--|-----------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------|----------------|--|--|
| City: | | Campus: | Building(s): | | 5): | Floor: | | | |
| | | | Critical Syste | em(s) Impa | act: | •••••• | | | |
| Fire Detection | | | Fire Suppression | | Electrical | | Medical Gas | | |
| 🔲 St | eam/Boiler | | HVAC/Chiller | | Domestic Water | | Communication | | |
| | Clinical Impact: | | | | | | | | |
| Er Er | nergency Dept. | | Surgery | | Patient Care | | Pharmacy | | |
| 🔲 Int | ensive Care Unit | | Radiology | | Laboratory | | SPD | | |
| Ca | th Lab | | Oncology | | Nursery/NICU | | Labor/Delivery | | |
| 0 | her: Central Energy Plan | t | | | | | | | |
| 1. | THE EVENT – Describe | what happe | ned and any harm that | resulted. Id | entify the proximate ca | use, if know | m. | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | BACKGROUND & FAC | TORS SU | MMARY- Answer the | MMARY— Answer the following questions (brief, surgenary, only- attach supporting documents). | | | | | |
| 2.1 | 2.1 What was the sequence of events that was expected to take place? Attach flowchart if available. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | Miss there a deviation from the averaged as even as 2 Miss | | | | | | | | |
| 2.2 | Was there a deviation from If VES, describe the deviat | ed sequence? 🛄 Yes flowchart if available | NO NO | | | | | | |
| | IT TE 5, describe the deviation. Attach nowchaft if available. | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2.4 | Was the expected sequence | i în policy, procedure, | written guld | elines, or included in s | taff training? | YUYes UNO | | | |
| If YES, cite source. | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |

| 2.5 | Does the expected sequence or process meet regulatory requirements and/or practice standards? Cite references and/or literature reviewed by the team. The Yee No The NK If NO, describe deviation from requirements/standards. |
|------|--|
| 2.6 | Did human action or inaction appear to contribute to the adverse event? Ves No NK If YES, describe the actions and how they contributed. |
| 2.7 | Did a defect, maifunction, misuse of, or absence of equipment appear to contribute to the event? I Yes INO INK If YES, describe what equipment and how it appeared to contribute. |
| 2.8 | Was the procedure or activity involved in the event being carried out in the usual location? III Yes III No III N/A If NO, describe where and why a different location was utilized. |
| 2.9 | Was the procedure or activity being carried out by regular staff familiar with the consumer and activity? 🔲 Yes 🔲 No 🛄 N/A If NO, describe who was carrying out the activity and why regular staff were not involved. |
| 2.10 | Were involved staff credentialed/skilled to carry out the tasks expected of them? Wes WNO WNK if NO, describe the perceived inadequacy. |
| 2.11 | Were staff trained to carry out their respective responsibilities? 🔲 Yes 🔲 No 🛄 NK If NO, describe the perceived inadequacy. |
| 2.12 | Were staffing levels considered to have been adequate at the time of the incident? U Yes U No U NK If NO, describe why. |
| 2.13 | Were there other staffing factors identified as responsible for or contributing to the adverse event? 🔲 Yes 🔲 No 🛄 NK If YES, describe those factors. |
| 2.14 | Did inaccurate or ambiguous information contribute to or cause the adverse event? U Yes U No U NK If YES, describe what information and how it contributed. |
| 2.15 | Did a lack of communication or incomplete communication contribute to or cause the adverse event? 🔲 Yes 🔲 No 🛄 NK If YES, describe who and what and how it contributed. |

| 2.16 | Did any environmental factors contribute to or cause the adverse event? Ves No NK If YES, describe what factors and how they contributed. | | | | | | | | |
|------|---|-------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| 2.17 | Did any organizational or leadership factors contribute to or cause the adverse event. III Yes III No III NK If YES, describe what factors and how they contributed. | | | | | | | | |
| 2.18 | Did any assessment or planning factors contribute to or cause the adverse event? U Yes U No U NK If YES, describe what factors and how they contributed. | | | | | | | | |
| 2.19 | What other factors are considered rel | evant to the a | dverse event? Describe: | | | | | | |
| 2.20 | Rank order the factors considered responsible for the adverse event, beginning with the proximate cause, followed by the most Important to less Important contributory factors. Attach Contributory Factors Diagram, if available. | | | | | | | | |
| 2.21 | Was a root cause identified? 🛄 Yes 🛄 No 🛄 NK If YES, describe the root cause. | | | | | | | | |
| 3. | RISK REDUCTION ACTIONS TAKEN – List the actions that have already been taken to reduce the risk of a future occurrence of the event under consideration. Note the date of implementation. | | | | | | | | |
| | Action Taken - Description Date Implemented | | | | | | | | |
| 4. | PREVENTION STRATEGIES – List from highest priority to lowest priority the recommended actions designed to prevent a future occurrence of the adverse event. Begin with a rank of 1 (highest). For each strategy or action provide an estimated cost, | | | | | | | | |
| | if known, and any additional consider triage by risk). | ations or reco | ommendations for implementing the | strategy (e.g., p | ohase-in, im | mediate need, | | | |
| Rank | Strategy | Estimated Cost | Special Considerations | Responsible Party | Target Date | Status | | | |
| 1 | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | • | | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | | | |



The information contained in this report is confidential and is intended solely to promote safety and reduce risk.

EVENT SUMMARY

| Date of Event: | Time | of Event: | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|--|--|--|--|
| City: | Campus: | Building(s): | Floor: | | | | |
| Critical System(s) Impact: | | | | | | | |
| Fire Detection | Fire Suppression | Electrical | Medical Gas | | | | |
| 🔲 Steam/Boiler | HVAC/Chiller | Domestic Water | Communication | | | | |
| | Clinical | Impact: | | | | | |
| Emergency Dept. | Surgery | Patient Care | Pharmacy | | | | |
| Intensive Care Unit | Radiology | Laboratory | SPD | | | | |
| Cath Lab | Oncology | Nursery/NICU | Labor/Delivery | | | | |
| Other: Central Energy Plar | nt | | | | | | |
| | Summary | of Event: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Summary of Cauco(a): | | | | | | | |
| | Summary C | n cause(s). | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | Immediate Ir | nterventions: | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Long Term Corrective Actions: | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

Using Technology to Your Benefit

- Technology can be a blessing and curse.
- Evaluate Building automation system ability to manage and track events. This will help build your business case. Be prepared for what you are about to receive!!!!!
- Hospitals and organizations need to move to continuous real-time monitoring for humidity.
- Develop a plan with IP on how long humidity can be out of range and what actions to take when thresholds are exceeded.
- If you are using sensor technology annually Recalibrate sensors and evaluate if sensors are in appropriate locations.

Fri 3/29/2019 6:37 AM

IBMC_SBO_Alarms@integrisok.com

AHU-27_OR-19 Humidity High Low Alarm - In High Alarm

To IBMC Temperature and Humidity

Alarm text: AHU-27_OR-19 Humidity High Low Alarm - In High Alarm Category: Critical Humidity Alarms Alarm State: Alarm Value: 62.37 % Rh Source: /AHU27 OR-Heat Exchanger/Aplications/OR Alarms/OR-19 Humidity High Low Alarm

Triggered Timestamp: 2019-03-27 06:49:53 -5H, DST TimeStamp: 2019-03-27 06:49:53 -5H, DST



Review of work orders for high humidity in critical areas from January 1, 2019 through March 19, 2019 showed we have work to do....

Use this type of information to build you business case!!!!

| Facility | # Work Orders |
|------------|---------------|
| Facility A | 4 |
| Facility B | 57 |
| Facility C | 46 |
| Facility D | 63 |
| Facility E | 9 |
| Facility F | 43 |
| Facility G | 0 |
| Facility H | 199 |
| Facility I | 29 |

Future Work

- How to measure in an appropriate frequency pattern
- How to manage the volume of times that we are out of range
- When to engage the Core Team
- When to engage physician leadership
- When to disclose to the patient

- Full implementation across system for summer 2019 monitoring
- Review 2019 data for trends and operational efficiencies to be gained
- Share information with vested parties (Surgery, C-Suite)
- Review and update process for 2020, as needed
- Use trends and data gleaned to support fiscal budget requests/planning
- Publish & Advocate



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- CMS, State Operations Manual, Appendix A, §482.41(c)(4)
- Oklahoma Administrative Code. Title 310, Oklahoma State Department of Health. Chapter 667, Hospital Standards, Appendix A (Ventilation requirements for areas affecting patient care in hospitals and outpatient facilities)
- FGI, Guidelines for Design and Construction of Health Care Facilities
- ANSI/ASHRAE/ASHE Standard 170-2008 (and 2013 update), Ventilation of healthcare facilities
- ANSI/AAMI ST79:2017, Comprehensive guide to steam sterilization and sterility assurance in healthcare facilities
- AORN, Guidelines for Perioperative Practice 2018